	Case3:13-cv-04520-WHA Document30 File	ed01/09/14 Page1 of 2	
1	1		
2	2		
3	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
4	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
5			
6			
7	KIMBERLEE GILSON,		
8	Plaintiff,	No. C 13-04520 WHA	
9 10	v.		
10 11	MACI S, INC. LUNG IEKWI DISADU ITV DI AN <i>et al</i>	ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS	
11	Defendente		
12	/		
13	In this ERISA action, plaintiff Kymberlee Gilson asserts two claims against defendants		
15	Macy's, Inc. Long Term Disability Plan and Prudential Insurance Company of America. The		
16	first claim arises under ERISA; the second claim arises under California state law. Defendants		
17	move to dismiss plaintiff's state-law claim because it is preempted by ERISA. Plaintiff opposes.		
18	ERISA's preemption clause expressly provides that it "shall supercede any and all State		
19	laws insofar as they may now or hereafter relate to any employee benefit plan" that it governs.		
20	29 U.S.C. 1144(a). This includes Section 10111.2 of the California Insurance Code, which		
21	provides that "[w]hen the insurer has received all information needed to determine liability for a		
22	claim, and the insurer determines that liability exists and fails to make payment of benefits to the		
23	insured within 30 calendar days after the insurer has received that information, any delayed		
24	payment shall bear interest, beginning the 31st calendar day, at the rate of 10 percent per year."		
25	Plaintiff argues that Section 10111.2 is saved from preemption by ERISA's "savings		
26	clause," which states that "[e]xcept as provided in subparagraph (B), nothing in this subchapter		
27	1	shall be construed to exempt or relieve any person from any law of any State which regulates	
28	-	insurance, banking, or securities." 29 U.S.C. 1144(b)(2)(A). Prejudgment interest, however,	
	does not fall within the "savings clause" because it is not "specifically directed toward the		

## Case3:13-cv-04520-WHA Document30 Filed01/09/14 Page2 of 2

[insurance industry]." Pilot Life v. Dedeaux, 481 U.S. 41, 50 (1987). In fact, our court of 2 appeals has held that ERISA preempts claims brought under Section 790.03(h) of the California 3 Insurance Code because "Congress clearly expressed an intent that the civil enforcement provisions of ERISA [Section 502(a)] be the exclusive vehicle for actions by ERISA-plan 4 5 participants and beneficiaries asserting improper processing of a claim for benefits." Kanne v. 6 Conn. Gen. Life Ins. Co., 867 F.2d 489, 494 (9th Cir. 1988) (citations omitted).

7 While our court of appeals has not yet addressed whether ERISA preempts Section 8 10111.2, other judges in this district have uniformly denied state-law claims based on Section 9 10111.2 because "allowing a plaintiff to proceed with a state law claim under [S]ection 10111.2 10 would effectively impose a mandatory prejudgment interest rate of ten percent on successful 11 ERISA claims, improperly expanding the scope of ERISA damages and supplementing the 12 ERISA enforcement remedy." Prado v. Allied Domecg Spirits and Wine Group Disability 13 Income Policy, 800 F. Supp. 2d 1077, 1100 (N.D. Cal. July 22, 2011) (Judge Samuel Conti); see 14 also Behjou v. Bank of Am. Group Benefits Program, No. 10-3982, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 15 106695, at \*5 (N.D. Cal. Sep. 19, 2011) (Judge Saundra Brown Armstrong); Turnipseed v. Educ. 16 Mgmt. LLC's Emp. Disability Plan, No. 9-3811, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS, at 10–14 (N.D. Cal. 17 Jan.13, 2010) (Judge Marilyn Hall Patel); Minton v. Deloitte & Touche USA LLP Plan, 631 F. 18 Supp. 2d 1213, 1220 n.4 (N.D. Cal. 2009) (Judge Claudia Wilken). Plaintiff acknowledges that 19 the weight of precedent in this district leans towards dismissing her state-law claim, and her 20 numerous references to out-of-district and out-of-circuit cases are not persuasive (Opp. at 5). 21 For the reasons stated above, plaintiff's state-law claim is **DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE**.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.** 

25 Dated: January 9, 2014.

WILLIAM

22

23

24

26

27

28

1